

البداية



$\begin{aligned} C^2 - 4^2 \\ = \\ (C - 4)(C + 4) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 49 - a^2 \\ = \\ (7 - a)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 9t^2 + 6t + 1 \\ = \\ (3t - 1)(3t + 1) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 3^2 + x^2 \\ = \\ (3 + x)^2 \end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} 9x^2 - 6x + 1 \\ = \\ (3x - 1)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} a^2 + 10a + 25 \\ = \\ (a + 5)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} (X - 4)^2 - 25 \\ = \\ (x + 9)(x - 1) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} r^2 + 9 \\ = \\ (r + 9)(r - 9) \end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} 4x^2 - 6x + 1 \\ = \\ (2x - 1)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 8x + 16 \\ = \\ (x - 4)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 1 - x^8 \\ = \\ (1 - x)(1 + x) \\ (1 + x^2)(1 + x^4) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 9y^2 + 12a + 4 \\ = \\ (3y + 2)^2 \end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} a^2 - 12a + 36 \\ = \\ (2a - 6)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} k^4 - 1 \\ = \\ (k - 1)(k + 1) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 4v^2 + 20v + 25 \\ = \\ (2v - 5)^2 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 4b^2 - 9c^2 \\ = \\ (2b - 3c)(2b + 3c) \end{aligned}$

النهاية



إذا حصلت على نفس
التخطيط السابق فأنت
طالب عبقرى وممتاز.

